

医学部専門予備校 クエスト 解答速報

日本医科大学（後期） 英語

試験日 2 月 28 日（金）



【講評】

Choose ALL が少なく、その点では解きやすいと言えるが、記述の量が多く日頃から時間を意識して書く練習を繰り返していないと時間的に厳しかったと思う。作文では本文の記述をまとめ直すような聞き方がされており、これは今年の前期も同様。次年度以降の日本医科対策としては、本文の要約を英語で書くといった訓練も効果的だと言える。

[I]

問 1 1. ended 2. identifying 3. occurs 4. provoked 5. kept

問 2 胃潰瘍はストレス、そして胃酸によって引き起こされるという説。

問 3 （い）：選択肢には「1982 年の実験において、通常のやり方でピロリ菌を見つけられた」とあるが、これは 2 ページの Yes—not until から始まる返答の、「通常のやり方は二日目までに培養できない検体を処分してしまう」、「だがピロリ菌は成長するのに時間がかかる」という記述と合わない。

問 4 （あ） if / whether （い） criticism

問 5 （あ）：選択肢には「彼はこの実験から回復できるかわからなかったが、自分自身を使って実験をした」とあり、これは 4 ページの I had a patient から始まる返答の、「患者の感染が消えたのを確認した、それから自身で実験をした」という記述と合わない。

問 6

(1) The initial test didn't show any clue to the cause of her complaints in terms of her physical condition, so she was referred to a psychiatrist and got an antidepressant; it is inferred that she must firstly have been diagnosed with some trouble in her mental state (of course it is not true, and instead she had the bacteria in question in her gut).

(2) The role of tetracycline can be to cure infection of the gut, not the artery, because, according to the text, in those days nothing could be done to angina in the artery and so the doctor instead tried to deal with some possible trouble in the gut with the medication.

問 7 a

問 8 b

問 9 b c d

問 10 b

問 11 a e c d

問 12 d

[II]

The author and the collaborator found the possible link between *Helicobacter pylori* and both ulcers and even stomach cancer. Well before their discovery, however, another theory had already been embraced that ulcers are mostly induced by stressful lifestyle, so their findings were firstly cold-shouldered in the medical kingdom, and it took a decade to get a few patients interested in their method, and, with now the situation somewhat improved, they are still struggling to enlighten the public and professionals.

In my opinion, the refusal to accept their theory is partly rooted in confirmation bias, the way of thinking many people inadvertently tend to adopt and by which they only focus on the information that strengthens their belief, dismissing the information which challenges it. This way of thinking is closely connected with the familiarity of contents in information: that is, people are unlikely to accept something weird to them. In the text the author implies this point, saying that their idea looked to people as unbelievable as the misconception of the Earth being flat. Hopefully, I believe that the truth will finally rule over the misunderstanding.

[III]

問 1 a d e

問 2 b c d

問 3 a

問 4 (1)e (2)b

問 5 (1)a (2)c

問 6 (1)e (2)c

問 7 (1)b (2)e

問 8 (1)e (2)c